

ADDITION & SUBTRACTION

$$\begin{array}{l}
 24 + 25 = 49 \\
 27 + 28 = 55 \\
 21 + 22 = 43 \\
 22 + 26 = 48 \\
 25 + 27 = 52 \\
 20 + 14 = 34 \\
 18 + 8 = 26 \\
 17 + 6 = 23 \\
 17 + 5 = 22 \\
 9 + 22 = 21 \\
 28 - 17 = 11 \\
 24 - 14 = 10 \\
 21 - 14 = 7 \\
 35 - 15 = 20 \\
 25 - 8 = 17
 \end{array}$$

MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION

$$\begin{array}{l}
 9 \times 4 = 36 \\
 9 \times 9 = 81 \\
 9 \times 7 = 63 \\
 9 \times 1 = 9 \\
 9 \times 2 = 18 \\
 30 \div 10 = 3 \\
 50 \div 10 = 5 \\
 10 \div 10 = 1 \\
 90 \div 10 = 9 \\
 70 \div 10 = 7 \\
 150 \div 10 = 15 \\
 200 \div 10 = 20 \\
 500 \div 10 = 50 \\
 130 \div 10 = 13 \\
 110 \div 10 = 11
 \end{array}$$

NUMBER & PLACE VALUE

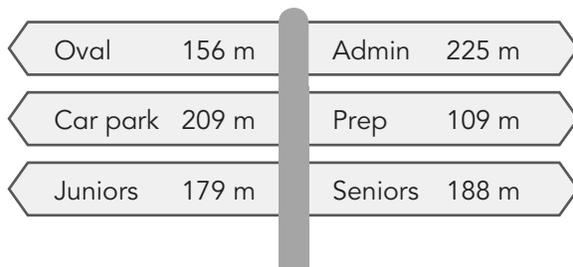
- 1 Each number is the total of the 2 numbers directly below. Write the missing numbers.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 815 & & 805 \\
 510 & 305 & 525 \quad 280 \\
 325 & 185 & 120 \quad 330 \quad 195 \quad 85
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 780 & & 790 \\
 420 & 360 & 365 \quad 425 \\
 275 & 145 & 215 \quad 125 \quad 240 \quad 185
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 695 & 440 & 560 & 775 \\
 485 & 210 & 230 & 330 \quad 445 \\
 85 & 125 & 105 & 225
 \end{array}$$

- 2 Look at the signpost.



Calculate these answers mentally.

- a. What is the distance between:

Oval and Prep? **265** m

Car park and Admin? **434** m

Seniors and Juniors? **367** m

Car park and Seniors? **397** m

- b. How much further from the sign is:

Admin than Oval? **69** m

Car park than Seniors? **21** m

Car park than Juniors? **30** m

Car park than Prep? **100** m

Admin than Juniors? **46** m

MONEY & FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

- 3 Look at the table.

	Butter	Yoghurt
250 g	\$2.65	\$2.15
500 g	\$4.95	\$4.00
1 kg	\$7.30	\$5.85

- a. How much more do 2×500 g tubs of butter cost than a 1 kg tub of butter? **\$ 2.60**
- b. If you bought 2×1 kg tubs of yoghurt with \$20, what change would you get? **\$ 8.30**
- c. Is the cost of 4×250 g tubs of yoghurt **more** or **less** than a 1 kg tub of yoghurt? **more**
What is the difference in price? **\$ 2.75**
- d. What is the cheapest way to buy 2 kg of butter? **1 kg \times 2**
How much does it cost? **\$ 14.60**
How much change from \$20? **\$ 5.40**



In a **chance event**, if there are 6 (different) possible outcomes, the chance of each event occurring can be described by the fraction $\frac{1}{6}$.

USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

4

It took Peter 35 minutes to drive to the shops. He arrived at 9:20 a.m. What time did he leave home?

8:45 a.m.

Jenny caught a taxi at 4:50 p.m. The trip takes 45 minutes. What time will she arrive at her destination?

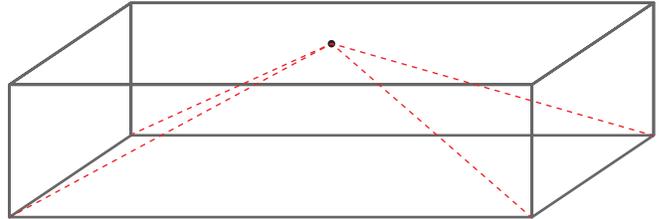
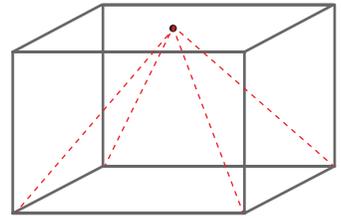
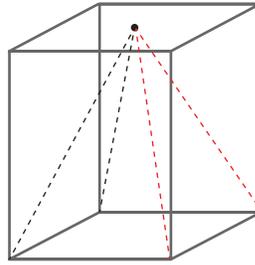
5:35 p.m.

A plane took off at 9:30 a.m. and landed at 1:05 p.m. on the same day. How long did the flight take?

3 hours
35 mins

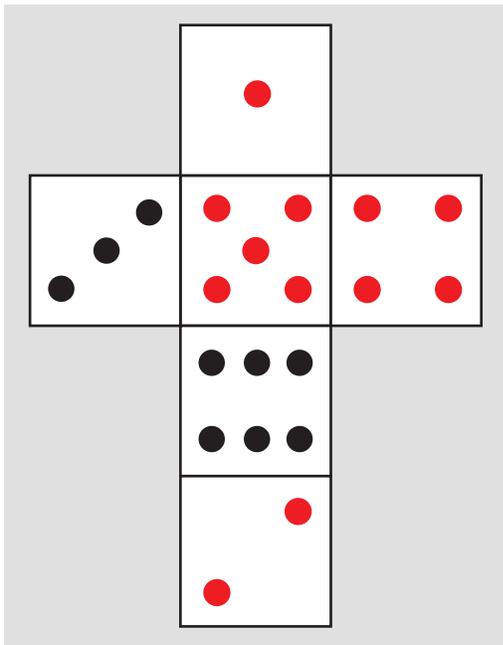
SHAPE

5 Draw a pyramid inside each prism.



CHANCE

6 a. This is a net for a regular 6-sided die. Draw the remaining dots (numbers) on the net. Remember that the opposite faces of the die total 7.



b. Use this die net to complete the table.

Outcome	Number of ways to get the outcome	Number of possible outcomes altogether	Fraction to describe chance of the outcome
1	1	6	$\frac{1}{6}$
2	1	6	$\frac{1}{6}$
3	1	6	$\frac{1}{6}$
4	1	6	$\frac{1}{6}$
5	1	6	$\frac{1}{6}$
6	1	6	$\frac{1}{6}$
Even number	3	6	$\frac{3}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$
Odd number	3	6	$\frac{3}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$
7	0	6	$\frac{0}{6}$
4, 5 or 6	3	6	$\frac{3}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$
1 or 2	2	6	$\frac{2}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$
Fewer than 7	6	6	$\frac{6}{6}$

Evin has this money in her wallet. She buys a can of drink for \$2.45, how much money will she have left?



Colour one bubble.

- \$9.05
 \$6.60
 \$6.55
 \$5.60

NAME _____

MENTAL MATHS

ADDITION & SUBTRACTION

$15 + 25 = 40$	$9 + 3 = 12$	$21 - 13 = 8$
$13 + 14 = 27$	$13 + 9 = 22$	$25 - 19 = 6$
$8 + 22 = 30$	$13 + 14 = 27$	$30 - 19 = 11$
$15 + 9 = 24$	$16 + 16 = 32$	$24 - 8 = 16$
$18 + 18 = 36$	$12 + 17 = 29$	$27 - 13 = 14$

MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION

$2 \times 8 = 16$	$50 \times 2 = 100$	$2 \div 2 = 1$
$5 \times 2 = 10$	$12 \times 2 = 24$	$20 \div 2 = 10$
$2 \times 2 = 4$	$100 \times 2 = 200$	$16 \div 2 = 8$
$2 \times 6 = 12$	$2 \times 20 = 40$	$8 \div 2 = 4$
$3 \times 2 = 6$	$32 \times 2 = 64$	$18 \div 2 = 9$

NUMBER & ALGEBRA

NUMBER & PLACE VALUE

1 Use all these digits. Make these numbers.

0 6 1 9 3 5

- The greatest number possible: **9 6 5 3 1 0**
- The least number possible: **1 0 3 5 6 9**
- A number that is as close to $\frac{1}{2}$ million as possible: **5 0 1 3 6 9**
- A number that is between 300 000 and 400 000: **3 6 5 0 9 1**

FRACTIONS & DECIMALS

2 Match the measurement to the ruler.

3 Loop the greater length in each pair.

1.45 m or 1.53 m	0.87 m or 1.03 m
2.6 m or 2.57 m	2.17 m or 2.26 m
1.96 m or 1.8 m	2 m or 2.09 m

4 Write these in order from greatest to least.

1.78 1.17 1.71 1.83 1.87 1.38

1.87 1.83 1.78 1.71 1.38 1.17

MONEY & FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

5 Write the change after each purchase.

Prices	Amount paid	Change
• \$1.70 • \$2.20		\$ 1.10
• \$1.80 • \$1.80		\$ 1.40
• \$2.55 • \$3.50		\$ 3.95
• \$6.30 • \$5.90		\$ 7.80
• \$3.80 • \$4.55		\$ 11.65

PATTERNS & ALGEBRA

6 Add or subtract to create these number patterns.

Add 1100	Subtract 11 000
765 810	625 620
766 910	614 620
768 010	603 620
769 110	592 620
770 210	581 620
771 310	570 620
772 410	559 620

i When you **compare and order** numbers, look at the digits in the greatest place first.

* Answers will vary. This is one example.

MEASUREMENT & GEOMETRY

USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

7 Write these times.

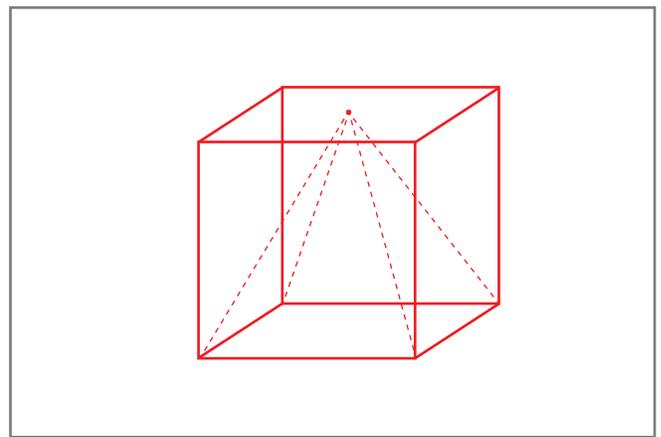
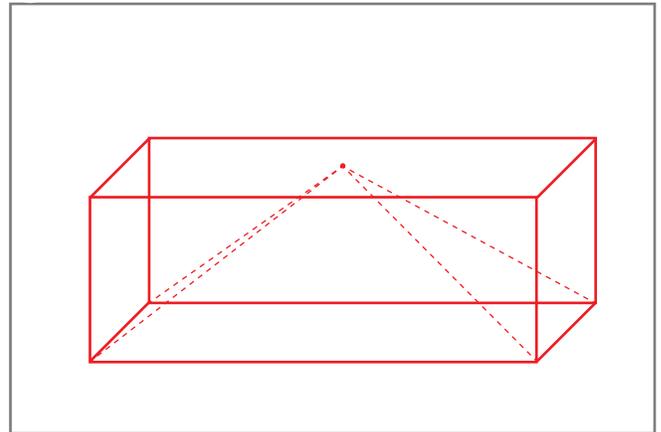
13	minutes to	10	9:47
1:34	26	minutes to	2
8	minutes to	6	5:52
10:39	21	minutes to	11
15	minutes to	7	6:45

8 Convert these masses.

$\frac{1}{2}$ kg	500 g	$\frac{3}{4}$ kg	750 g
125 g	$\frac{1}{8}$ kg	50 g	$\frac{1}{20}$ kg
$\frac{1}{10}$ kg	100 g	$\frac{6}{10}$ kg	600 g
$1\frac{1}{4}$ kg	1250 g	250 g	$\frac{1}{4}$ kg

SHAPE

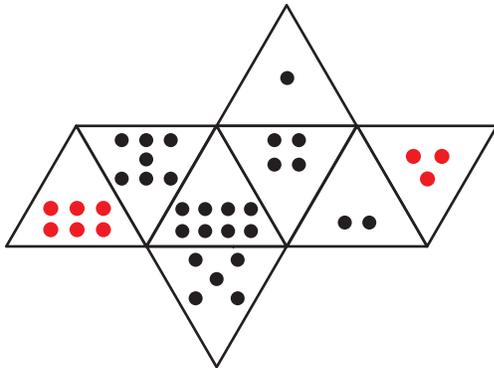
9 Use a ruler. Draw 2 different prisms. * Then draw a pyramid inside each prism.



STATISTICS & PROBABILITY

CHANCE

10 a. Complete this net for an 8-sided die.



b. Draw a line to the fraction that describes the chance of each roll with the die at left.

Rolling 5	Rolling even	Rolling 7 or 8	Rolling 10
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0 ————— 1

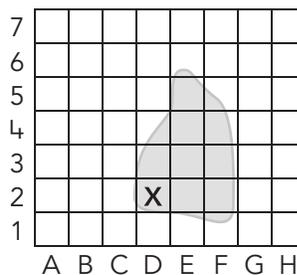
Rolling less than 10	Rolling 4 or larger	Rolling odd	Rolling 1
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TESTER

The location of the treasure is marked with an X.

Which grid reference describes its location?

- E2 2D 3D **D2**



Colour one bubble.

ADDITION & SUBTRACTION

$10 + 48 = 58$	$41 - 10 = 31$	$54 - 9 = 45$
$7 + 8 = 15$	$9 - 5 = 4$	$81 - 9 = 72$
$8 + 17 = 25$	$15 - 6 = 9$	$25 - 9 = 16$
$3 + 15 = 18$	$29 - 10 = 19$	$34 - 9 = 25$
$46 + 10 = 56$	$70 - 50 = 20$	$75 - 9 = 66$

MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION

$4 \times 3 = 12$	$3 \times 20 = 60$	$4 \div 4 = 1$
$6 \times 3 = 18$	$13 \times 3 = 39$	$36 \div 4 = 9$
$10 \times 3 = 30$	$3 \times 30 = 90$	$16 \div 4 = 4$
$8 \times 3 = 24$	$11 \times 3 = 33$	$32 \div 4 = 8$
$3 \times 1 = 3$	$3 \times 14 = 42$	$24 \div 4 = 6$

NUMBER & PLACE VALUE

- 1 Write the numbers **1000 less** and **1000 more**.

1000 less	624 328	502 240	658 214	799 225
	625 328	503 240	659 214	800 225
1000 more	626 328	504 240	660 214	801 225

- 2 Write these numbers.

eight hundred and sixty-two thousand, five hundred and nine **862 509**

two hundred and seventeen thousand, two hundred and thirty-four **217 234**

FRACTIONS & DECIMALS

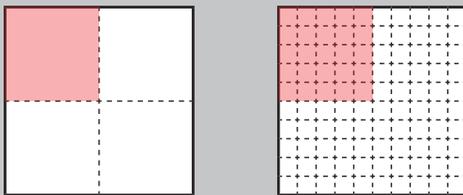
- 3 Write the number on the expander.

four and sixteen-hundredths **4** ones **.16** hundredths

one and twenty-eight hundredths **1** ones **.28** hundredths

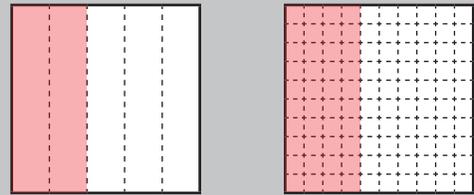
- 4 Shade then write equivalent fractions.

Shade $\frac{1}{4}$ of each.



$\frac{1}{4}$ is the same as $\frac{25}{100}$ is the same as 0. **25**

Shade $\frac{2}{5}$ of each.



$\frac{2}{5}$ is the same as $\frac{40}{100}$ is the same as 0. **4**

PATTERNS & ALGEBRA

- 5 Continue these number patterns.

3.0, 3.25, 3.5, **3.75**, **4.0**, **4.25**, **4.5**

1.23, 1.34, 1.45, **1.56**, **1.67**, **1.78**, **1.89**

- 6 a. Complete this table to show a pattern.

Picture number	1	2	3	4	5	10
Number of squares	6	8	10	12	14	24

- b. Write a word rule that you can use to work out the number of squares in any picture.

Double the picture number, then add four to get the number of squares.

- c. How many squares will there be in Picture 25?
- d. Which picture will have 100 squares in it?

54 squares

picture 48



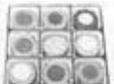
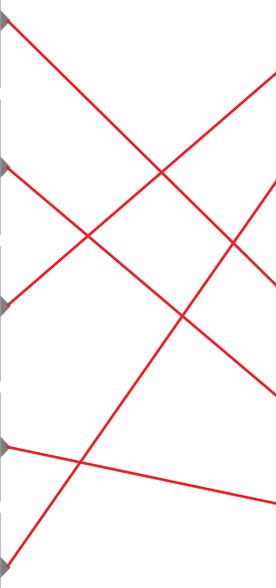
An **acute angle** is less than a quarter turn, a **right angle** is the same as a quarter turn and an **obtuse angle** is greater than a quarter turn but less than a half turn.

USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

7 Convert these lengths.

1 m	100 cm	$\frac{1}{2}$ km	500 m
2 m	200 cm	0.48 m	48 cm
509 cm	5.09 m	4.2 km	4200 m
94 cm	0.94 m	2500 mm	2.5 m

8 Draw lines to equivalent masses.

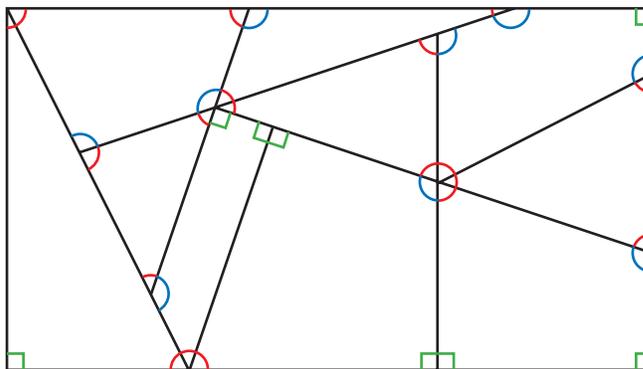
 600 g		$\frac{3}{4}$ kg
 200 g		$\frac{1}{8}$ kg
 750 g		$\frac{6}{10}$ kg
 1750 g		$\frac{1}{5}$ kg
 125 g		$1\frac{3}{4}$ kg

9 Write the times in 2 other ways.

	27 minutes to 4	3:33
	29 minutes to 1	12:31
	40 minutes past 12	12:40
	14 minutes past 2	2:14

GEOMETRIC REASONING

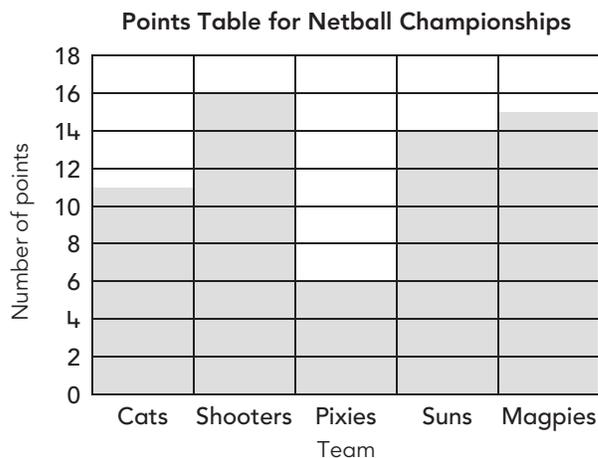
10 Mark the acute angles in red. Mark the obtuse angles in blue. Mark the right angles in green.



DATA REPRESENTATION & INTERPRETATION

11 Look at the graph.

- a. How many points were scored by the winning team? **16**
- b. What is the combined points total of the highest and lowest scoring teams? **22**
- c. How many more points were scored by the Cats than the Pixies? **5**
- d. What was the difference in points scored by the Magpies and the Cats? **4**



Joel is building a rectangular shed that has an area of 72 sq. metres. The width of the shed is 6 metres.

What is the length? **12** m

Write your answer in the box.



ADDITION & SUBTRACTION

$13 + 3 = 16$	$5 + 8 = 13$	$20 - 13 = 7$
$11 + 5 = 16$	$7 + 8 = 15$	$19 - 11 = 8$
$18 + 8 = 26$	$15 + 4 = 19$	$15 - 12 = 3$
$9 + 5 = 16$	$8 + 9 = 17$	$21 - 5 = 16$
$3 + 8 = 11$	$7 + 4 = 11$	$24 - 18 = 6$

MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION

$4 \times 3 = 12$	$100 \times 4 = 400$	$20 \div 5 = 4$
$8 \times 4 = 32$	$4 \times 12 = 48$	$50 \div 5 = 10$
$6 \times 4 = 24$	$20 \times 4 = 80$	$35 \div 5 = 7$
$4 \times 4 = 16$	$4 \times 0 = 0$	$45 \div 5 = 9$
$2 \times 4 = 8$	$4 \times 11 = 44$	$5 \div 5 = 1$

NUMBER & PLACE VALUE

1 Write each list in order from least to greatest.

568 348	1642 325	189 724	197 428
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824 268	1529 601	127 948	189 724
---------	----------	---------	---------

1 642 325	864 316	197 428	187 429
-----------	---------	---------	---------

208 994	824 268	148 729	148 729
---------	---------	---------	---------

1 529 601	568 348	129 487	129 487
-----------	---------	---------	---------

864 316	208 994	187 429	127 948
---------	---------	---------	---------

FRACTIONS & DECIMALS

2 Write these numbers in words.

2.14 **two and fourteen hundredths**

8.63 **eight and sixty-three hundredths**

5.09 **five and nine hundredths**

11.41 **eleven and forty-one hundredths**

16.20 **sixteen and twenty hundredths**

3 Write the numbers.

one and fifty-four thousandths **1.054**

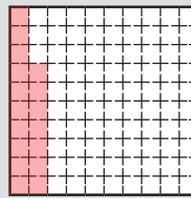
twelve and thirty-eight hundredths **12.38**

six and nine-hundredths **6.09**

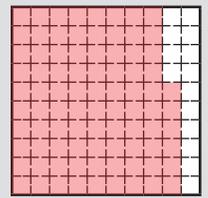
twenty-one and sixty-hundredths **21.60**

seventeen and thirty-five hundredths **17.35**

4 Shade then write the fraction or decimal.



0.17 is the same as $\frac{17}{100}$



$\frac{86}{100}$ is the same as **0.86**

5 Write these in order from greatest to least.

$\frac{1}{5}$

0.55

$\frac{6}{10}$

0.7

$\frac{1}{4}$

0.4

0.7

$\frac{6}{10}$

0.55

0.4

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1}{5}$

MONEY & FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

6 Work out how much money is saved by buying the cheaper item.

 \$68.95	\$68	95c	
 \$34.60	-\$34	-60c	\$34.35
 \$532	532	232	
 \$381	-300	-81	\$151.00
 \$29.90	\$90	95c	
 \$90.95	-\$29	-90c	\$61.05
 \$78	164	94	
 \$164	-70	-8	\$86.00



When reading and writing **numbers involving tenths and hundredths**, the tenths and hundredths are read and written together.

USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

7 Convert these measurements.

1 year = **365** days

$\frac{1}{4}$ of a day = **6** hours

2 years = **24** months

1 year = **52** weeks

77 days = **11** weeks

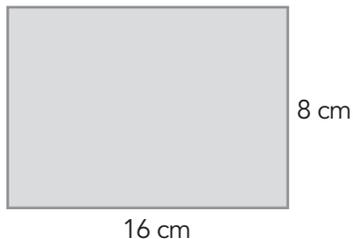
1 fortnight = **2** weeks

leap year = **366** days

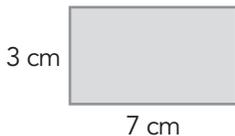
72 hours = **3** days

8 Calculate then write the perimeter for each oblong.

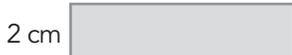
Perimeter = **48** cm



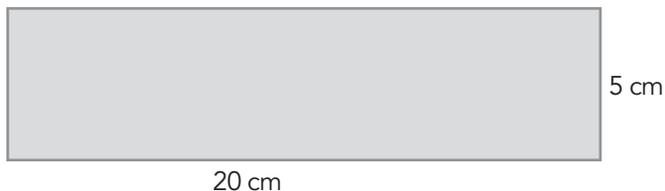
Perimeter = **20** cm



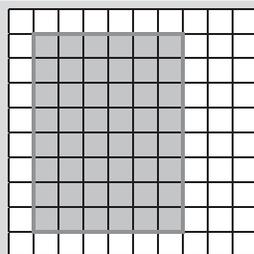
Perimeter = **26** cm



Perimeter = **50** cm



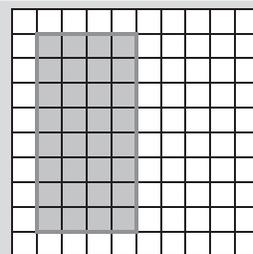
9 Calculate the area of these oblongs.



Length = **8** units

Width = **6** units

Area = **48** sq. units



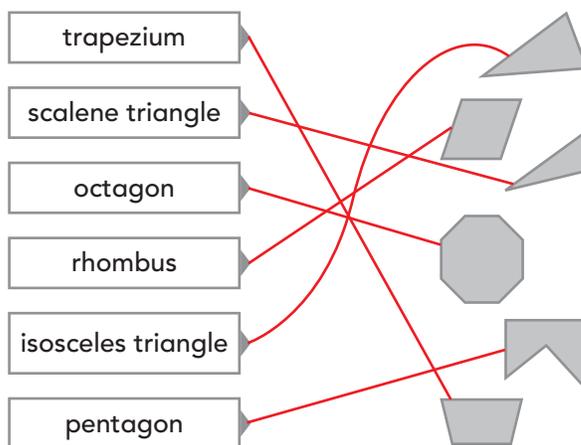
Length = **8** units

Width = **4** units

Area = **32** sq. units

SHAPE

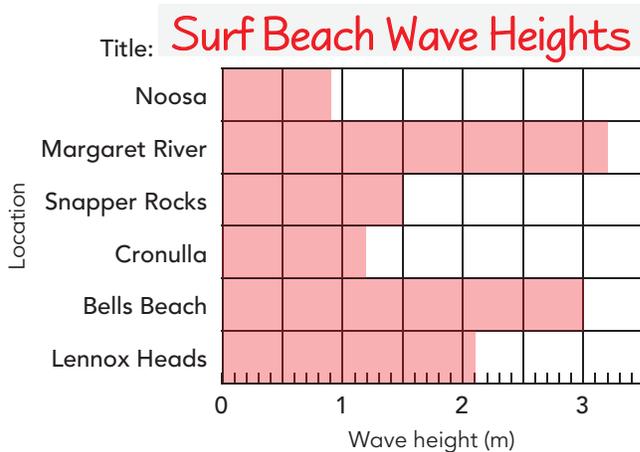
10 Connect each label to the matching shape.



DATA REPRESENTATION & INTERPRETATION

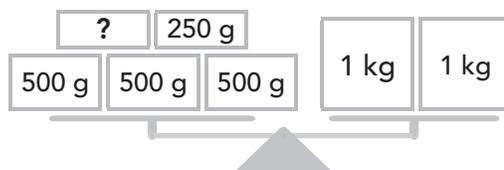
11 Use this table to complete the graph.

Wave heights recorded at surf beaches	
Noosa	0.9 m
Margaret River	3.2 m
Snapper Rocks	1.5 m
Cronulla	1.2 m
Bells Beach	3 m
Lennox Head	2.1 m



Which mass will make this balance picture true?

- 500 g 1 kg 50 g 250 g



Colour one bubble.

ADDITION & SUBTRACTION

$13 + 4 = 17$	$17 - 3 = 14$	$80 - 60 = 20$
$6 + 7 = 13$	$70 - 60 = 10$	$120 - 30 = 90$
$10 + 3 = 13$	$12 - 8 = 4$	$90 - 50 = 40$
$6 + 11 = 17$	$130 - 40 = 90$	$110 - 90 = 20$
$18 + 5 = 23$	$120 - 60 = 60$	$70 - 30 = 40$

MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION

$5 \times 6 = 30$	$5 \times 15 = 75$	$24 \div 6 = 4$
$5 \times 9 = 45$	$5 \times 20 = 100$	$48 \div 6 = 8$
$5 \times 1 = 5$	$5 \times 12 = 60$	$30 \div 6 = 5$
$5 \times 4 = 20$	$5 \times 30 = 150$	$42 \div 6 = 7$
$5 \times 3 = 15$	$5 \times 11 = 55$	$36 \div 6 = 6$

NUMBER & PLACE VALUE

- 1 Write the value of the red digit in words.

642 583 **four ten thousands**

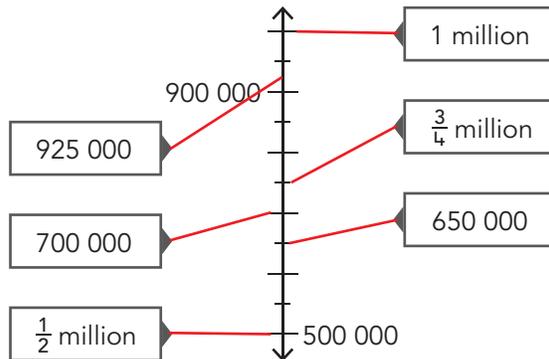
862 429 **eight hundred thousands**

4 201 824 **four millions**

1 243 472 **four hundreds**

3 628 389 **eight tens**

- 2 Draw a line to show where each number will be on the number line.



- 3 Use a written method to solve these.

$$\begin{array}{r} 60 \times 5 = 300 \\ 4 \times 5 = 20 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$64 \times 5 = 320$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 200 \times 6 = 1200 \\ 40 \times 6 = 240 \\ 8 \times 6 = 48 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$248 \times 6 = 1488$$

- 4 Calculate each partial product and then write the total.

$$5 \times 72 = 360$$

$$(5 \times 70) + (5 \times 2)$$

$$350 + 10$$

$$9 \times 65 = 585$$

$$(9 \times 60) + (9 \times 5)$$

$$540 + 45$$

$$4 \times 84 = 336$$

$$(4 \times 80) + (4 \times 4)$$

$$320 + 16$$

$$6 \times 58 = 348$$

$$(6 \times 50) + (6 \times 8)$$

$$300 + 48$$

MONEY & FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

- 5 Work out the cost of buying 2.

\$4.80



Total \$ 9.60

\$15.70



Total \$ 31.40

\$5.90



Total \$ 11.80

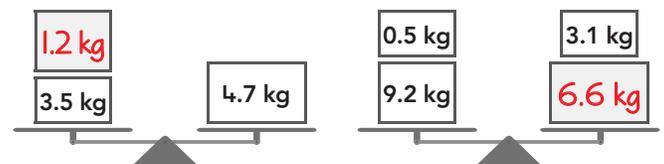
\$18.50



Total \$ 37.00

PATTERNS & ALGEBRA

- 6 Write the mass to make each balance picture true.



You can use a written method or a calculator when the numbers are "messy" and too hard to multiply in your head.

* Answers will vary. This is one example.

USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

7 Write each time on the digital clock.

twenty-one minutes past six

6:21

5:48

five forty-eight

eleven minutes to seven

6:49

12:06

six minutes past twelve

thirteen minutes to two

1:47

8 Write the missing amounts.

a. $850 \text{ mL} + 150 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ L}$

b. $125 \text{ mL} + 875 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ L}$

c. $380 \text{ mL} + 620 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ L}$

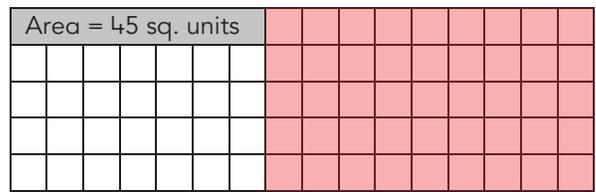
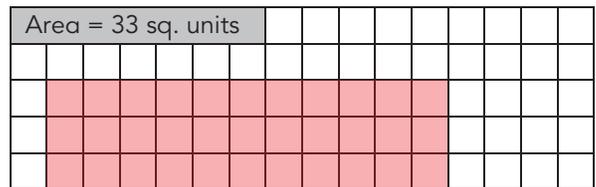
d. $50 \text{ mL} + 950 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ L}$

e. $770 \text{ mL} + 230 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ L}$

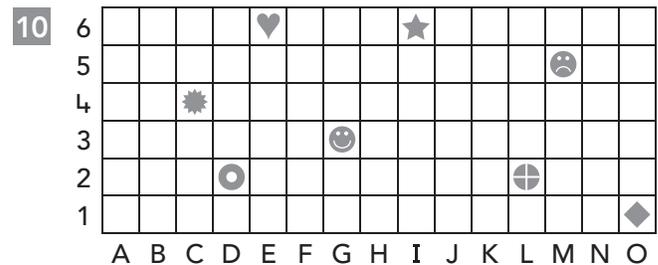
f. $275 \text{ mL} + 725 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ L}$

g. $463 \text{ mL} + 537 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ L}$

9 Draw an oblong to match each label.



LOCATION & TRANSFORMATION



a. What is located at these grid squares?

G3 M5 I6 C4

b. What is the grid reference for each of these?

L2 E6 O1 D2

CHANCE

11 Choose and write a label to match each event.

*

a. I will be awake at midnight tonight.

unlikely

b. I will see snow falling tomorrow.

unlikely

c. A baby born in a hospital will be a girl.

50 / 50

impossible

unlikely

50/50

likely

certain

d. The sun will shine at some time tomorrow.

likely

e. A dog will fly past my window.

impossible

f. I will not go to school on Saturday.

certain

Which calculation is incorrect?

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 56 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline 504 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 57 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline 456 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 59 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline 412 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 58 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline 348 \end{array}$$

Colour one bubble.



PARENT/CARER SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____

NAME _____

MENTAL MATHS	ADDITION & SUBTRACTION			MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION		
	$60 + 20 = 80$	$60 + 70 = 130$	$11 - 5 = 6$	$3 \times 6 = 18$	$6 \times 11 = 66$	$7 \div 7 = 1$
	$3 + 4 = 7$	$90 + 60 = 150$	$12 - 8 = 4$	$5 \times 6 = 30$	$24 \times 5 = 120$	$49 \div 7 = 7$
	$40 + 80 = 120$	$120 + 40 = 160$	$10 - 7 = 3$	$8 \times 6 = 48$	$6 \times 12 = 72$	$42 \div 7 = 6$
	$12 + 3 = 15$	$30 + 110 = 140$	$14 - 5 = 9$	$2 \times 6 = 12$	$15 \times 6 = 90$	$63 \div 7 = 9$
$20 + 30 = 50$	$80 + 70 = 150$	$15 - 8 = 7$	$1 \times 6 = 6$	$6 \times 100 = 600$	$14 \div 7 = 2$	

NUMBER & ALGEBRA	NUMBER & PLACE VALUE *		MONEY & FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS												
	<p>1 Complete these problems. Show your working.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">GO CARTS \$28</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">MUSEUM \$32</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">FAIR \$26</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">MOVIE \$15</div> </div>		<p>3 Write these decimals as common fractions.</p>												
	<p>How much will it cost 22 children to use the go carts?</p> $22 \times 20 = 440$ $22 \times 8 = 176$	<p>How much will it cost 28 students to see a movie?</p> $28 \times 10 = 280$ $28 \times 5 = 140$	$0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$ $0.29 = \frac{29}{100}$ $0.07 = \frac{7}{100}$	$0.5 = \frac{50}{100} = \frac{1}{2}$ $0.8 = \frac{80}{100} = \frac{4}{5}$											
	<p>How much will it cost 35 children to visit the museum?</p> $35 \times 30 = 1050$ $35 \times 2 = 70$	<p>How much will it cost 45 students to attend the fair?</p> $45 \times 20 = 900$ $45 \times 6 = 270$	$0.25 = \frac{25}{100} = \frac{1}{4}$ $0.4 = \frac{40}{100} = \frac{2}{5}$	$0.75 = \frac{75}{100} = \frac{3}{4}$ $0.9 = \frac{90}{100} = \frac{9}{10}$											
	<p>Total \$ 616</p>	<p>Total \$ 420</p>	<p>4 Calculate the total cost.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>• \$5.99 kg</td> <td>Buy 5.</td> <td>Total = \$ 29.95</td> </tr> <tr> <td>• \$3.98 kg</td> <td>Buy 6.</td> <td>Total = \$ 23.88</td> </tr> <tr> <td>• \$8.49 kg</td> <td>Buy 5.</td> <td>Total = \$ 42.45</td> </tr> <tr> <td>• \$5.48 kg</td> <td>Buy 6.</td> <td>Total = \$ 32.88</td> </tr> </table>		• \$5.99 kg	Buy 5.	Total = \$ 29.95	• \$3.98 kg	Buy 6.	Total = \$ 23.88	• \$8.49 kg	Buy 5.	Total = \$ 42.45	• \$5.48 kg	Buy 6.
• \$5.99 kg	Buy 5.	Total = \$ 29.95													
• \$3.98 kg	Buy 6.	Total = \$ 23.88													
• \$8.49 kg	Buy 5.	Total = \$ 42.45													
• \$5.48 kg	Buy 6.	Total = \$ 32.88													

FRACTIONS & DECIMALS		PATTERNS & ALGEBRA							
<p>2 Connect each fraction and decimal to the correct position on the number line.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.25</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">$\frac{3}{5}$</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">$\frac{1}{10}$</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.45</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">one-half</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">$\frac{3}{4}$</div> </div>		<p>5 Complete this multiplication chart.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 54 \end{array}$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 81 \end{array}$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 108 \end{array}$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 20 \\ \hline 540 \end{array}$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 30 \\ \hline 810 \end{array}$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 40 \\ \hline 1080 \end{array}$</td> </tr> </table>		$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 54 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 81 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 108 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 20 \\ \hline 540 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 30 \\ \hline 810 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 40 \\ \hline 1080 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 54 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 81 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 108 \end{array}$							
$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 20 \\ \hline 540 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 30 \\ \hline 810 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 40 \\ \hline 1080 \end{array}$							

i You can use **factors** or a **double-and-half strategy** to multiply 2 two-digit numbers. For example, when you see 12×45 think $6 \times 2 \times 5 \times 9$ (54×10) or $6 \times 90 = 540$.

* Answers will vary. This is one example.

MEASUREMENT & GEOMETRY

USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

6 Convert these masses.

1000 g	1 kg	$1\frac{3}{4}$ kg	1750 g
3.2 kg	3200 g	5200 g	5.2 kg
$\frac{8}{10}$ kg	800 g	3.8 kg	3800 g
1600 g	1.6 kg	$1\frac{1}{4}$ kg	1250 g

7 Complete the table to calculate the number of cubes in each prism.

Prism	Dimensions of Base	Height	Total
A	4 cm × 5 cm	6 cm	120 cm cubes
B	3 cm × 7 cm	3 cm	63 cm cubes
C	2 cm × 3 cm	6 cm	36 cm cubes

8 Work out possible dimensions for these prisms. *

Prism	Dimensions of Base	Height	Total
A	3 cm × 2 cm	5 cm	30 cm cubes
B	2 cm × 4 cm	10 cm	80 cm cubes
C	5 cm × 4 cm	6 cm	120 cm cubes
D	8 cm × 2 cm	10 cm	160 cm cubes

9 Calculate the area of each oblong.

Area = **24** sq. units

Area = **35** sq. units

Area = **12** sq. units

SHAPE

10 Draw these triangles.

Equilateral triangle with side length of 20 mm

Scalene triangle with one side 45 mm long

STATISTICS & PROBABILITY

DATA REPRESENTATION & INTERPRETATION

11 This table shows the height of a plant over 8 weeks.

Week	Height (cm)	Growth (cm)
1	1	1
2	2	1
3	4	2
4	6	2
5	8	2
6	13	5
7	16	3
8	17	1

- Calculate the growth each week and complete the table.
- Did the plant grow by the same amount each week? **no**
- What is the difference in height from Week 1 to Week 4? **5 cm**
- What happened to the height of the plant as the number of weeks increased?

* **The growth rate increased up to week 6 but then it declined to only 1 cm in week 8.**

TESTER

Look at the ice-cream menu.

How many different combinations can be made?

- 6 8 9 10

Ice Cream
vanilla
mango
strawberry

Toppings
chocolate
caramel
nuts

Colour one bubble.

ADDITION & SUBTRACTION

$$7 + 7 = 14 \quad 9 + 7 = 16 \quad 23 - 10 = 13$$

$$8 + 6 = 14 \quad 10 + 12 = 22 \quad 48 - 10 = 38$$

$$9 + 9 = 18 \quad 12 + 9 = 21 \quad 16 - 8 = 8$$

$$3 + 8 = 11 \quad 11 + 11 = 22 \quad 37 - 10 = 27$$

$$5 + 6 = 11 \quad 9 + 15 = 24 \quad 13 - 6 = 7$$

MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION

$$7 \times 3 = 21 \quad 7 \times 20 = 140 \quad 8 \div 8 = 1$$

$$7 \times 6 = 42 \quad 11 \times 7 = 77 \quad 72 \div 8 = 9$$

$$7 \times 1 = 7 \quad 7 \times 50 = 350 \quad 48 \div 8 = 6$$

$$7 \times 4 = 28 \quad 100 \times 7 = 700 \quad 40 \div 8 = 5$$

$$7 \times 9 = 63 \quad 7 \times 12 = 84 \quad 56 \div 8 = 7$$

FRACTIONS & DECIMALS

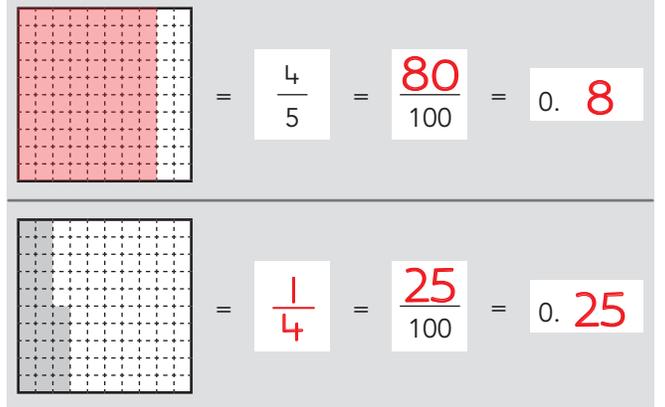
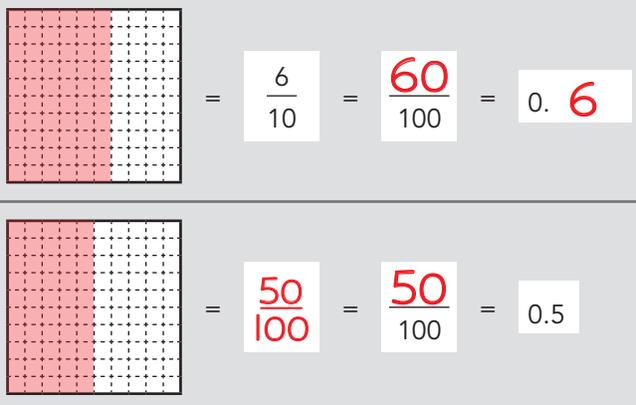
1 Look at this table.

Preferred Sport	
Sport	Number of Votes
Cricket	1
Netball	20
Soccer	55
Tennis	5
Softball	10

What fraction of 100 voted for these sports?

Netball	$\frac{20}{100}$	or	0. 2
Cricket	$\frac{1}{100}$	or	0. 01
Soccer	$\frac{55}{100}$	or	0. 55
Tennis	$\frac{5}{100}$	or	0. 05

2 Complete the pieces to match.



PATTERNS & ALGEBRA

3 Write the missing numbers in each pattern.

70	140	210	280	350	420
0.25	0.30	0.35	0.4	0.45	0.5
5.12	6.12	7.12	8.12	9.12	10.12
2.6	3.7	4.8	5.9	6.1	7.2
25	250	2500	25000	250000	

4 Complete this multiplication chart.

$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$
76	114	152
$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ \times 20 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ \times 30 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ \times 40 \\ \hline \end{array}$
760	1140	1520

A **net** is a flat model that can be folded to form a 3D object such as a pyramid or prism.

* Answers will vary. This is one example.

MEASUREMENT & GEOMETRY

USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

5 Write these as 12-hour times. Use a.m. or p.m.

$4\frac{1}{2}$ hours after midnight	4:30 a.m.
6.5 hours after midday	6:30 p.m.
7 hours before noon	5:00 a.m.

6 Write these as 24-hour times.

7:30 p.m.	19:30	8 p.m.	20:00
11 a.m.	11:00	10:23 a.m.	10:23
6:45 a.m.	06:45	5:59 p.m.	17:59
1:15 p.m.	13:15	2 a.m.	02:00

7 Write the months.

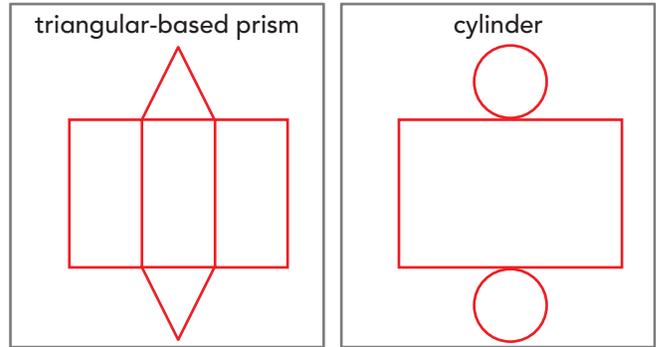
Autumn	Summer
March	December
April	January
May	February

8 Write the months that have 30 days.

September	April
June	November

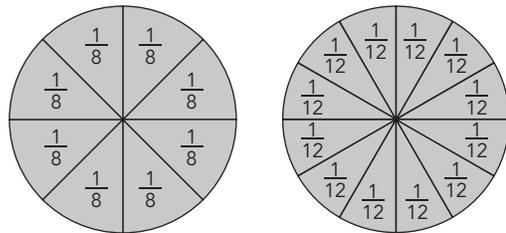
SHAPE

9 Draw a net for each 3D object. *



GEOMETRIC REASONING

10 Look at the eighth and twelfth turn testers.



Write these amounts of turn in order from greatest to least.

$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{7}{12}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{12}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{11}{12}$	$\frac{4}{8}$
$\frac{11}{12}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{7}{12}$	$\frac{4}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{12}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

STATISTICS & PROBABILITY

CHANCE

11 This table shows the available shirts, pants and wigs that clowns can choose.

Shirt	Pants	Wig
Spotty	Blue	Curly
Striped	Red	Straight
Plain	Yellow	Frizzy

a. How many different combinations are there if you choose a spotty shirt? **9**

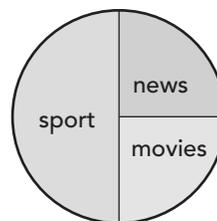
- b. How many different combinations are there if you choose yellow pants? **9**
- c. How many different combinations are there if you choose a straight wig? **9**
- d. How many different combinations are there if you choose a plain shirt and red pants? **3**
- e. How many different combinations are there if you choose a curly wig and blue pants? **3**
- f. How many different combinations are there altogether? **27**

TESTER

This pie chart shows the results when 100 people were surveyed about the shows they liked to watch.

How many people preferred to watch news?

- 50 25 33 14



PARENT/CARER SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____

MENTAL MATHS

ADDITION & SUBTRACTION

$7 + 3 = 10$	$32 + 10 = 42$	$75 + 10 = 85$
$8 + 8 = 16$	$6 + 7 = 13$	$10 + 83 = 93$
$5 + 11 = 16$	$9 + 8 = 17$	$19 + 9 = 28$
$36 + 9 = 45$	$29 + 10 = 39$	$29 + 10 = 39$
$12 + 7 = 19$	$11 + 5 = 16$	$7 + 5 = 12$

MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION

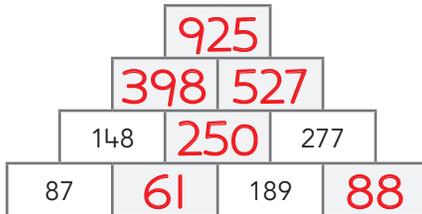
$4 \times 8 = 32$	$12 \times 8 = 96$	$45 \div 9 = 5$
$1 \times 8 = 8$	$8 \times 0 = 0$	$18 \div 9 = 2$
$7 \times 8 = 56$	$100 \times 8 = 800$	$27 \div 9 = 3$
$10 \times 8 = 80$	$8 \times 20 = 160$	$54 \div 9 = 6$
$8 \times 3 = 24$	$8 \times 11 = 88$	$36 \div 9 = 4$

NUMBER & PLACE VALUE

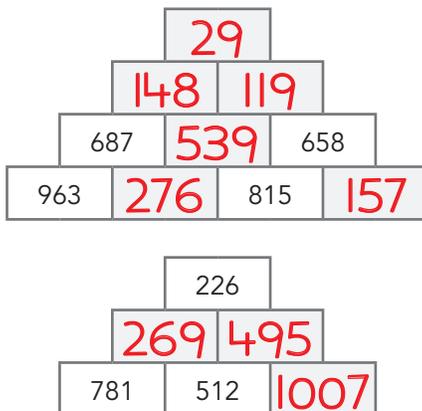
1 Write the numbers 10 000 less and 10 000 more.

10 000 less		10 000 more
337 530	347 530	357 530
689 759	699 759	709 759
180 300	190 300	200 300
732 199	742 199	752 199
307 109	317 109	327 109
610 010	620 010	630 010

2 Each number is the **total** of the 2 numbers directly below. Write the missing numbers.

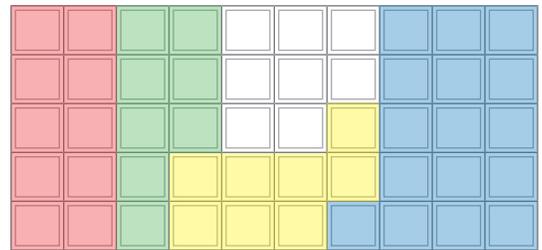


3 Each number is the **difference** between the 2 numbers directly below. Write the missing numbers.



FRACTIONS & DECIMALS

4 A family shared this chocolate bar.



a. Use different colours to show how many pieces in each share. Write the numbers.

- Dad ate $\frac{1}{5}$ of the total. **10**
 - Mum ate $\frac{1}{5}$ of the remaining pieces. **8**
 - Chloe and Isabelle together ate $\frac{1}{2}$ of the remaining pieces. **16**
 - James ate $\frac{1}{2}$ of the remaining pieces. **8**
- b. Write how many pieces are left over. **8**

MONEY & FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

5 Calculate the total cost.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$5.75 \$12.50 $\$12 + \$5 = \$17$ $75c + 50c = \$1.25$ Total \$ 18.25	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$17.55 \$3.90 $\$17 + \$3 = \$20$ $55c + 90c = \$1.45$ Total \$ 21.45
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$24.15 \$13.20 $\$24 + \$13 = \$37$ $15c + 20c = 35c$ Total \$ 37.35	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$27.45 \$16.30 $\$27 + \$16 = \$43$ $45c + 30c = 75c$ Total \$ 43.75

NUMBER & ALGEBRA



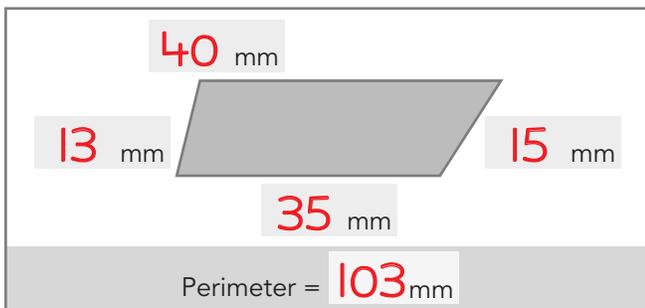
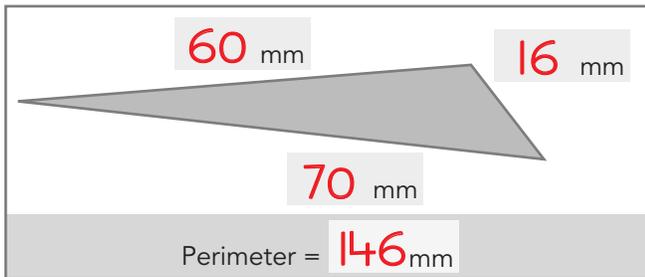
You can use a **round-and-adjust strategy** to add dollars and cents. For example, when you see $\$33.65 + \12.95 think $\$33.65 + 35c$ plus $\$12.95 - 35c = \$34 + \$12.60$.

USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

6 Convert these amounts.

1200 mL = 1.2 L	1 L = 1000 mL
3500 mL = 3.5 L	6 L = 6000 mL
4700 mL = 4.7 L	$1\frac{3}{4}$ L = 1750 mL
3870 mL = 3.87 L	5.9 L = 5900 mL
2750 mL = 2.75 L	2.8 L = 2800 mL

7 Use a ruler to measure and label each side. Then calculate the perimeter.



8 Write these as 12-hour times. Use a.m. or p.m.

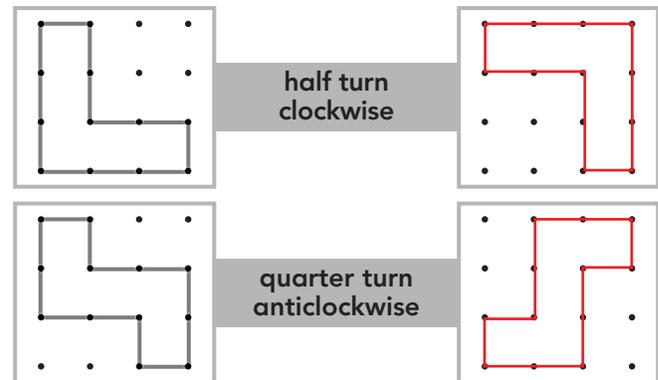
4 hours after midnight	4:00 a.m.
3 hours after noon	3:00 p.m.
$14\frac{1}{2}$ hours after midday	2:30 a.m.
$5\frac{1}{4}$ hours after midday	5:15 p.m.

9 Write these as 24-hour times.

quarter past six in the morning	06:15
16:35	thirty-five minutes past four in the afternoon
nine twenty-three in the evening	21:23

LOCATION & TRANSFORMATION

10 Draw the shapes after the turn.



DATA REPRESENTATION & INTERPRETATION

11 a. Calculate the price increase each year.

Year	Price of 2 L milk	Increase
2003	\$1.40	—
2004	\$1.55	15 c
2005	\$1.60	5 c
2006	\$1.80	20 c
2007	\$1.95	15 c
2008	\$2.30	35 c

- b. What was the price of milk in 2003? **\$1.40**
- c. How much did the price increase from 2005 to 2006? **20c**
- d. Which years had the same price increase? **2004, 2007**
- e. How much did the price increase from 2003 to 2008? **90c**
- f. Which year had the greatest increase? **2008**
- g. Which year had the least increase? **2005**

Which is the greatest decimal?

- 0.5 0.09 0.1 0.96

Colour one bubble.

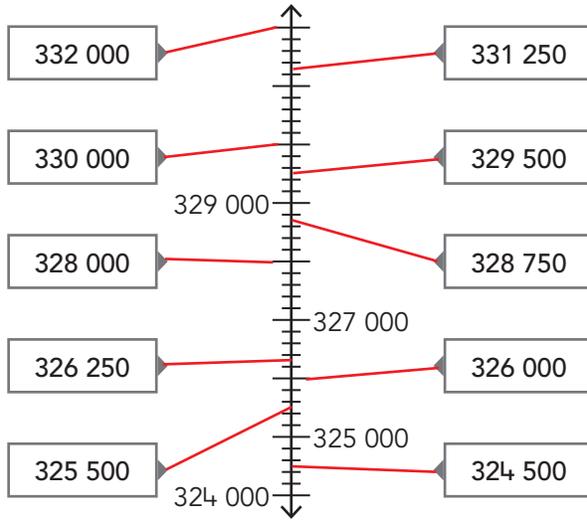


NUMBER & PLACE VALUE

1 Write the numbers **1000 more** and **1000 less**.

1000 less	247 402	508 248	344 872	199 563
	248 402	509 248	345 872	200 563
1000 more	249 402	510 248	346 870	201 563

2 Connect the number to the correct position on the line.



3 Calculate these answers. Show your working.

$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 150 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 45 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 60 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 240 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 12 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline 120 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline 42 \end{array}$
$39 \times 5 = 195$	$63 \times 4 = 252$	$27 \times 6 = 162$			

4 Calculate the total mass of these packages.

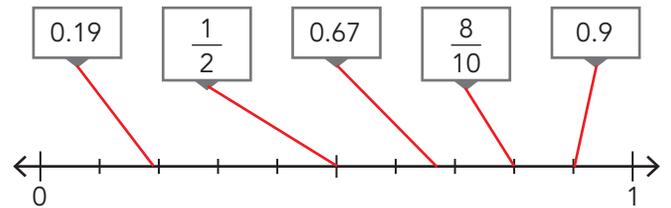
6 boxes 53 kg $(6 \times 50) + (6 \times 3)$ 300 + 18 Total 318 kg	8 boxes 34 kg $(8 \times 30) + (8 \times 4)$ 240 + 32 Total 272 kg
7 boxes 67 kg $(7 \times 60) + (7 \times 7)$ 420 + 49 Total 469 kg	5 boxes 68 kg $(5 \times 60) + (5 \times 8)$ 300 + 40 Total 340 kg

5 Complete the parts then write the answer.

$315 \div 3 = 105$ is the same as $300 \div 3$ plus $15 \div 3$	$824 \div 4 = 206$ is the same as $800 \div 4$ plus $24 \div 4$
---	---

FRACTIONS & DECIMALS

6 Draw a line from each fraction to its position.



7 Complete the missing parts.

	$= \frac{1}{4} = \frac{25}{100} = 0.25$
	$= \frac{4}{5} = \frac{80}{100} = 0.8$

MONEY & FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

8 Calculate the total cost.

Buy 4 kg • \$2.99 kg \$ 11.96	Buy 2 kg • \$4.97 kg \$ 9.94	Buy 3 kg • \$3.49 kg \$ 10.47
--	---	--

PATTERNS & ALGEBRA

9 Write the mass to make each balance picture true.



USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

10 Convert these masses.

2 kg	2000 g	$1\frac{1}{2}$ kg	1500 g
3.5 kg	3500 g	$\frac{1}{4}$ kg	250 g
3700 g	3.7 kg	900 g	0.9 kg
0.5 kg	500 g	2100 g	2.1 kg

11 Use a ruler to measure the sides. Then calculate the perimeter.

	Perimeter = 56 mm
	Perimeter = 90 mm
	Perimeter = 72 mm

12 Write these as 24-hour times.

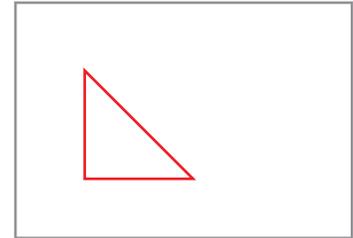
ten minutes to eight in the evening	19:50
07:10 ten past seven in the morning	
four thirty-five in the afternoon	16:35

13 Calculate the areas of these oblongs.

Length = 9 units	Length = 4 units
Width = 12 units	Width = 9 units
Area = 108 sq. units	Area = 36 sq. units

SHAPE

14 Draw an isosceles triangle with 2 sides 15 mm long.



LOCATION & TRANSFORMATION

15 Write grid references for these.

	C1	3							
	B3	2							
	F2	1							
			A	B	C	D	E	F	G

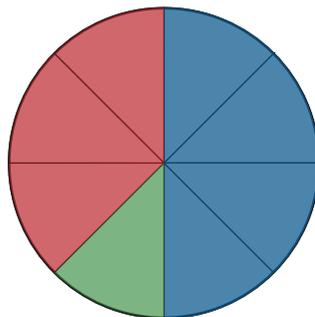
GEOMETRIC REASONING

16 Loop the obtuse angles red.



CHANCE

17 Look at this spinner. Write a fraction to describe the chance of these events.



spinning red	$\frac{3}{8}$	spinning blue	$\frac{1}{2}$	spinning green	$\frac{1}{8}$
spinning blue or green	$\frac{5}{8}$	spinning red or green	$\frac{1}{2}$		
not spinning blue or red	$\frac{1}{8}$	not spinning green or blue	$\frac{3}{8}$		

DATA REPRESENTATION & INTERPRETATION

18 a. This table shows a team's scores over a 5-day sports carnival. Complete the table.

Day	Total Points	Gain
1	24	24
2	32	8
3	46	14
4	56	10
5	86	30

- b. On which day was the least recorded gain? **day 2**
- c. On which day was the greatest recorded gain? **day 5**
- d. How many more points were scored on Day 5 than Day 2? **22**